2015 中考英语复习之 8A Unit 8



重点词汇

词汇（写出中文及词性）

序号	单词	词性	中文	序号	单词	词性	中文
1	attack			15	hide		
2	poor			16	rich		
3	else			17	whenever		1.
4	communicate			18	whole		
5	suggestion			19	winner		
6	opinion			20	chance		
7	several			21	competition		
8	topic			22	notice		
9	confidently			23	speech		
10	text			24	treasure		
11	shy			25	advice		
12	choose						

短语

1. treasure hunt _____
2. in public _____
3. put on _____
4. in my opinion _____
5. above all _____
6. look out _____ =take care = be careful
7. spoken English _____
8. make … a big success _____
9. English Week _____
10. advise sb. to do _____
11. Speak to/ with _____
12. give a speech/ talk _____

13. communicate with _____

14. had better (not) do _____

15. say to oneself _____

16. have an exam _____

17. give sb some suggestions on _____



语法专项 情态动词

should

一、作为情态动词，通常用来表示现在或将来的责任或义务，表示“应该，应当” Crime should be punished. 犯罪应受惩罚。

二、作为情态动词，可以用来表示有较大可能实现的猜测、推论，表示“可能，该(=will probably)” The headmaster should arrive soon. 校长可能很快就到了。

They should be home by now，I think. 我想现在他们总该到家了吧。

三、 should 与即将学到的 ought to 的区别。

1 在表示责任和义务时，should 可以和 ought to 换用。但 should 更多地强调主观看法，ought to 则强调客观要求。

We should take care of the poor boy . 我们有义务照顾这个可怜的孩子。

You ought to give him a hand when he was in trouble. 在他遇到困难时，你应该帮助他。

2 在公告、须知或条例中 ,出于礼貌 ,常用 should。 You shouldn't make a big noise in cinema. 不准在电影院大声喧哗。

3 注意 ought to 的否定式与疑问式。

You ought not to do it. 你不应该这样做。

—Ought we to start now? 他现在该动身了吗？ —Yes, we ought (to). 是的，该动身了

Had better：

had better 只有一种形式,不是表示过去,而是指现在或未来,表示向对方提出劝告或警告。had better+原形不定词表示"最好……".

You had better give up smoking.你最好把烟戒掉。

had better 的否定形式是 had better not.

You had better not throw it on the ground.你最好别把它扔在地上。

had better 很少用于疑问句,但有时为了表示忠告或建议而用否定疑问句,这时否定副词 not 位于主

语之后。

Had you better not talk to yourself?

你不要自言自语好不好?



中考链接

1. This is a very important project，so you _____ plan it very carefully.

A. ought to　　B. will　　C. dare　　D. need

2. You had better _____ football near the street，it's very dangerous.

A. not to play　　B. don't play　　C. not play　　D. to not play

【解析 1】选 A，ought to 表"应该"

【解析 2】选 C，had better (not) do sth

【中考点拨】情态动词考察不同的情感态度语气，因而正确分析句子的语气选用合适的情态动词；其二情态动词后加动词原形。



随堂练习

1. You___ ask that man over there. Maybe he knows the way.

A. had better not to　　B. had not better

C. had better　　D. had better not

2. It's nearly seven o'clock. Jack _____ be here at any moment.

A. must　　B. need　　C. should　　D. can

3.Mr Baker, a number of students want to see you. _____ they wait here or outside?

A. Should　　B. Will　　C. Shall　　D. Are

4. ---They have not finish the work up to now.

---Well, they _____

A. should have　　B. should　　C. ought to　　D. ought have

5. Since it is already midnight, we_____.

A. had better leaving　　B. ought to have leave

C. should take our leave　　D. might as well leave

答案见《2015 中考英语复习之 8B Unit 1》



《2015 中考英语复习之 8A Unit 7 答案》

词汇（写出中文及词性）

序号	单词	词性	中文	序号	单词	词性	中文
1	manager	n.	（企业的）经理	15	trouble	n.	困难
2	wallet	n.	钱包；皮夹子	16	unless	conj.	除非=if…not
3	note	n.	纸币	17	spell	v.	(spelt, spelt) 用字母拼；拼写
4	similar	adj.	相像的；类似的	18	mile	n.	英里
5	cycle	n. v.	循环;骑自行车	19		n.	
6	step	adj.	步骤;步；阶梯、台阶	20	letter	n.	字母;信件、信函
7	list	n.	清单	21		adj.	
8	worth	adj.	值得；有价值；值（多少钱）+价钱、数字	22	silly	adj.	可笑的;傻的、愚蠢的 stupid(同义) sillier—silliest
9	mind	n.	头脑；大脑；思想、想法；智力、记忆力	23	spelling	n.	拼写；拼法
10	mention	v.	提到；说到	24	improve	adj.	改进；改善
11	method	n.	方法；办法；way	25	lose	n.	丧失；失去;输掉（比赛、战斗、争论）；遗失、丢失；减少、降低
12	memorize	n.	记忆、记住	26	sharp	adj.	敏锐的、灵敏的
13	balanced	adj.	均衡的、平衡的	27	corner	n.	角
14	memory	n.	记忆力;记性;回忆;记忆				

短语

1. take out　　从（银行）取钱
2. pour out　　涌出
3. a great way to help you remember something
4. be + to do something　　不定式作表语
5. to remember the word “smile”　为了记住 smile 这个单词
6. make it the longest word

make + 宾语 + 名词 使…成为…

7. a good method for doing sth　　a good method to do sth
8. in one’s mind　　在……心里
9. worth adj.值得；有价值

   be worth （doing） sth. 值得……
10. have trouble (in) doing..... 做……有困难
11. between...and....在（两者）之间
12. make a sentence 造句
13. practice (doing) sth. 练习（做）某事
14. be easy to....容易……
15. take a bus 乘公共汽车
16. add … to… 把…添加到…
17. wish to.... 希望……=hope to...=want to...
18. walk to （a place）步行去……=go to (a place) on foot
19. exercise one’s brain锻炼脑力，训练头脑
20. walk a different way 走另一条路
21. keep your brain active　　keep + 宾语 + 形容词 使…保持…
22. slow down 减速、放慢速度
23. less sharp　　less + 形容词原级 不如原来…

随堂练习答案：

1-4 BBBC